IN THE CLAIMS:

Kindly cancel claims 1-7, and add in lieu thereof the following new claims 8-11:

## 8. A CDMA (code division multiple access) communication system, comprising:

random noise code to obtain a plurality of first spreading codes and for employing the first spreading codes to spread information;

second transmitter means for multiplying the orthogonal codes by a second pseudorandom noise code to obtain a plurality of second spreading codes and for employing the second spreading codes to spread information, the second pseudo-random noise code being substantially the same as the first pseudo-random noise code except for a phase difference;

first receiver means which includes means for recovering the information by despreading the information with one of the first spreading codes; and

second receiver means which includes means for recovering information by despreading the information with one of the second spreading codes.

- 9. A CDMA (code division multiple access) communication method, comprising the steps of:
- (a) multiplying a plurality of orthogonal codes by a first pseudo-random noise code to obtain a plurality of first spreading codes;
- (b) employing the first spreading codes to spread information prior to transmission thereof;

- (c) multiplying the orthogonal codes by a second pseudo-random noise code to obtain a plurality of second spreading codes;
- (d) employing the second spreading codes to spread information prior to transmission thereof;
- (e) recovering received information by despreading it with one of the first spreading codes; and
- (f) recovering received information by despreading it with one of the second spreading codes.
- 10. A method for use in a CDMA (code division multiple access) communication system for transmitting information, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) multiplying a code selected from a set of orthogonal codes by another code to obtain a spreading code; and
- (b) using, as the code in step (a), a predetermined pseudo-random noise code or the pseudo-random noise code shifted in phase.
- 11. A CDMA (code division multiple access) transmitter for transmitting information, said transmitter comprising:
  - (a) spreading means for spreading the information; and
- (b) multiplying means for multiplying a code selected from a set of orthogonal codes by a pseudo-random noise code or the pseudo-random noise code shifted in phase.